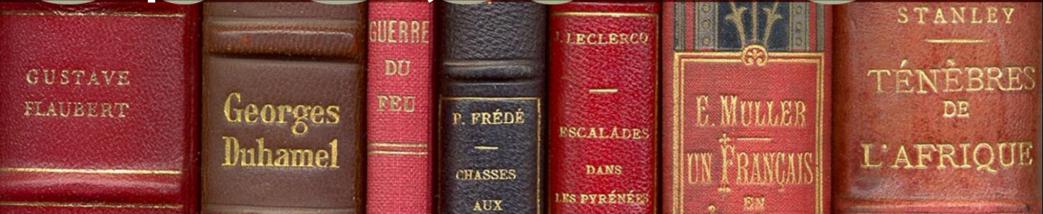


CONCEPT OF OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

Indri Hapsari Susilowati, Ph.D





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THE CORE BODY OF KNOWLEDGE FOR GENERALIST OHS PROFESSIONALS

A project conducted by HaSPA (Health and Safety Professionals Alliance)





fakultas KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT The OHS Body of Knowledge for Generalist OHS Professionals has been developed under the auspices of the **Health and Safety Professionals Alliance**



The Technical Panel established by the Health and Safety Professionals Alliance (HaSPA) was responsible for developing the conceptual framework of the OHS Body of Knowledge and for selecting contributing authors and peer-reviewers. The Technical Panel comprised representatives from:





The Safety Institute of Australia supported the development of the OHS Body of Knowledge and will be providing ongoing support for the dissemination of the OHS Body of Knowledge and for the maintenance and further development of the Body of Knowledge through the Australian OHS Education Accreditation Board which is auspiced by the Safety Institute of Australia.





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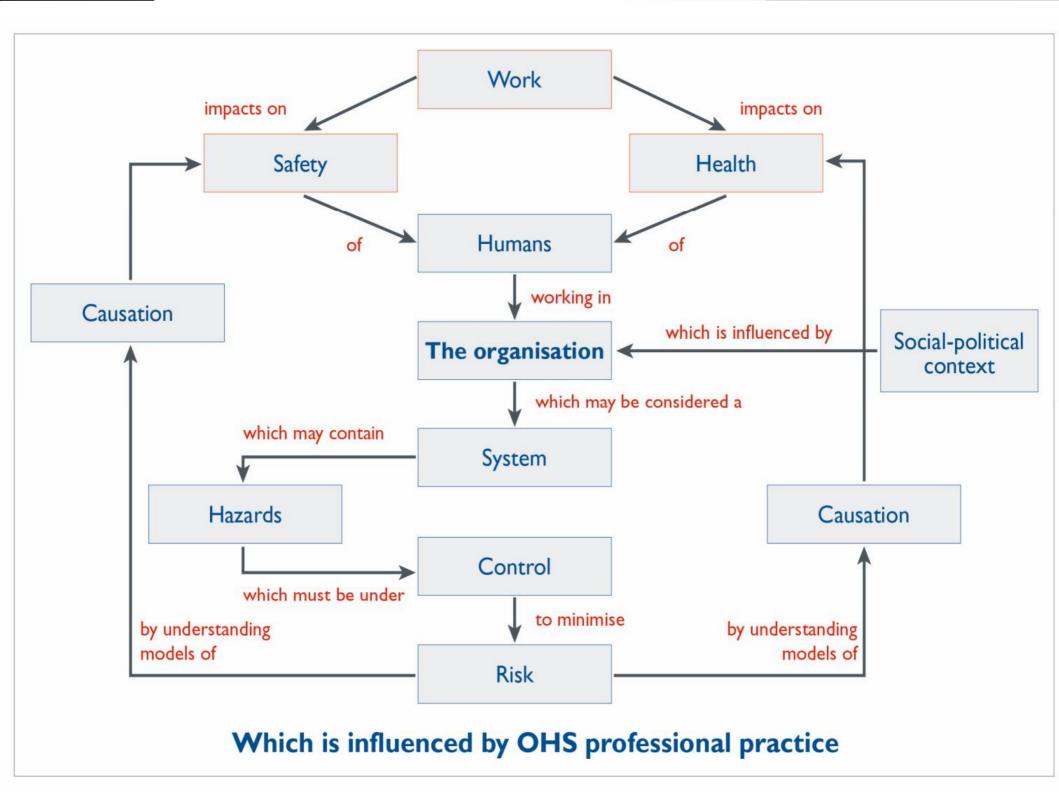
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CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

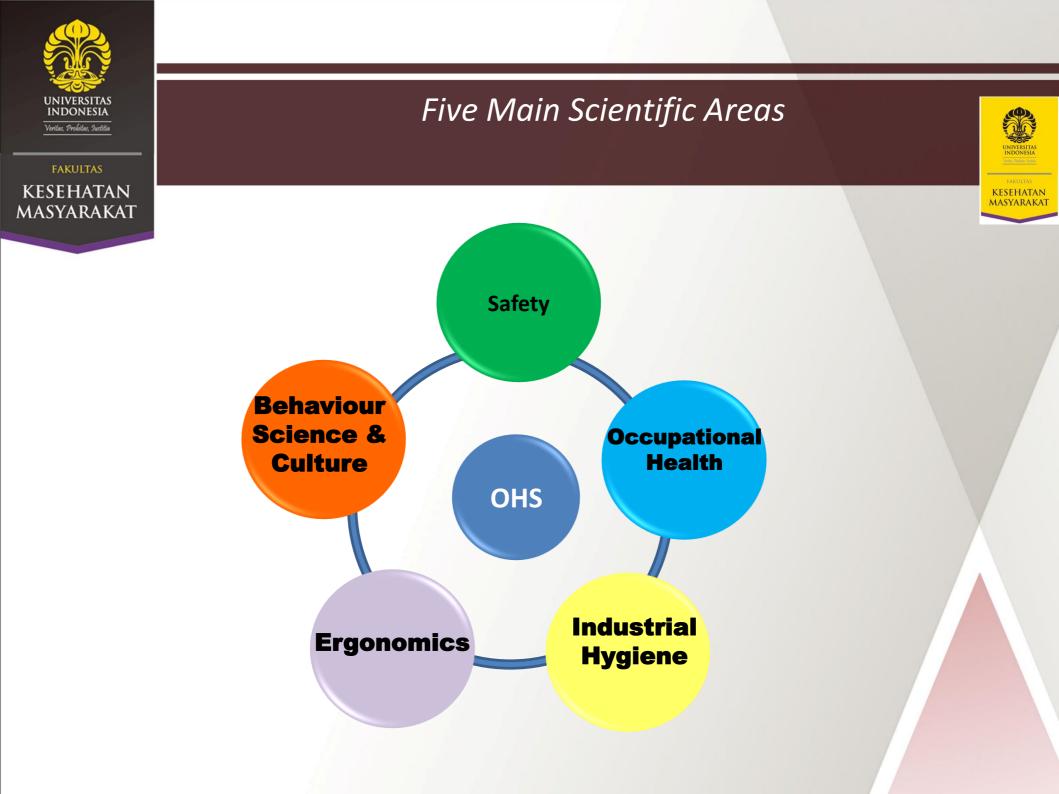
- Work impacts on the safety and health of humans who work in organisations.
- Organisations are influenced by the socio-political context.
- Organisations may be considered a system which may contain hazards which must be under control to minimise risk.
- This can be achieved by understanding models causation for safety and for health which will result in improvement in the safety and health of people at work.
- The OHS professional applies professional practice to influence the organisation to being about this improvement.



Scope of Research

Scientific OHS multidisciplinary is the development of basic science and applied science. Scientific OHS developed at the OHS Department, Faculty of Public Heath, Universitas Indonesia is divided into several sub disciplines such as

- Safety
- Occupational Health
- Industrial Hygiene
- Ergonomics
- Human Factor and Behavior in Occupational Health and Safety



SAFETY

Safety is an applied science focusing on study of hazards and risks in order to achieved safe places and safe people; based on methods of risk management and safe system; which implemented in industries and public areas

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH

Occupational Health is a mulitdiscipline science and art focusing on the promotion in order to maintain and enhance workers' health and their work capacity based on health science particularly on Epidemiology and Risk Management, and the adaptation of work to people and people to their jobs (fit to work)

INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE

Industrial hygiene is a multidiscipline science and art devoted to the anticipation, recognition, evaluation, and control of those environmental factors or stresses arising in or from the workplace, which may cause sickness, impaired health and well-being, or significant discomfort among workers or among the citizens of the community

ERGONOMICS

Ergonomics is a multidiscipline science focusing on interactions between human, as the center of the work system, and other elements including working machine and tools, task, environment, and organization. The application of ergonomics is human centered work system design, in terms of human's need, abilities, capabilities, and limitation in order to harmonize all elements in the work system in the industries, public, and home



HUMAN FACTOR AND BEHAVIOR IN OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

It concerns about human factor on Occupational Health and Safety, including human behavior and their psychosocial aspect



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Lecturers of OHS Departement





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TUGAS KELOMPOK

- Dibagi dalam 5 kelompok
- Tiap kelompok mempresentasikan tentang:
 - 1. Safety
 - 2. Occupational Health
 - 3. Ergonomi
 - 4. Industrial Higiene
 - 5. Human factor and behavior in OHS

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THANK YOU.....ENJOY AS UI STUDENTS